GM Reports Income of \$2.4 Billion and EBIT-adjusted of \$3.0 Billion

- Strong North America EBIT-adj. margin of 10.7%, driven by the successful rollout of full-size light-duty pickup trucks.
- GM's all-new heavy-duty pickups began shipping at the end of Q2 with growth potential throughout Q3 and Q4.
- Significant progress on transformational cost initiatives with \$1.1 billion in savings achieved year-to-date.

Q2 2019 RESULTS	OVERVIEW			
	Net Revenue	Income	Auto Operating Cash Flow	EPS-Diluted
GAAP	\$ 36.1 B	\$ 2.4 B	\$ 3.8 B	\$ 1.66
vs. Q2 2018	(1.9)%	1.6%	\$(0.2) B	Equal
	EBIT-adj. Margin	EBIT-adj.	Adj. Auto FCF	EPS-Diluted-adj.
Non-GAAP	8.4%	\$ 3.0 B	\$ 2.5 B	\$ 1.64
vs. Q2 2018	(0.3) pts	(5.6)%	\$(0.1) B	(9.4)%

EPS-diluted and EPS-diluted-adj. includes \$(0.01) from Lyft and PSA revaluations.

Our results demonstrate the earnings power of our full-size truck franchise, with more upside to come. We will continue operating our business with discipline, and the vision needed to deliver a stronger future for our employees, customers and shareholders."

PICKUP TRUCKS: LIGHT-DUTY LEADERSHIP

GM's cadenced full-size pickup truck launch remains on track, with sales of the all-new Chevrolet Silverado and GMC Sierra light-duty crew cabs up double digits yearover-year for the second straight quarter. Overall, GM's light-duty pickups gained nearly 3 percentage points of retail share from Q1 to Q2, and remained the retail market share leader in the segment (J.D. Power). Full production of all cab styles—including more affordable regular and double cabs—started in March, helping normalize availability of the entire lineup.

GM's all-new heavy-duty pickups launched in June, with early production focused on HD crew cab models, similar to the light-duty launch cadence. With the previously announced 40,000 unit additional capacity at Flint Assembly, the company is poised for significant growth in this profitable segment.



The all-new 2020 Chevrolet Silverado 2500 HD Z71.

– Mary Barra, Chairman and CEO



2020 Chevrolet Corvette Stingray was revealed July 18.

ALL-NEW 2020 MID-ENGINE CORVETTE DEBUTS

In July, GM unveiled the <u>2020 Chevrolet Corvette</u> <u>Stingray</u>, the company's first-ever production midengine Corvette, to a global audience of nearly 300,000 in 157 countries. The Stingray incorporates new technologies, such as GM's all-new digital vehicle platform, that the company will use for future vehicles.

In anticipation of strong customer demand, the company is <u>increasing production</u> of the new model, adding a second shift and more than 400 hourly jobs at its Bowling Green Assembly plant in Kentucky. Since 2011, GM has invested more than \$900 million in this facility.

The Corvette will start under \$60,000, making it the first affordable V-8 mid-engine supercar. Corvettes will begin arriving at dealerships late in the fourth quarter.

S	EGMENT	RESULTS	(EBIT-ADJU	STED - \$B)				
	North A	merica	Interna	ational	GM (ruise	GM Finan	cial (EBT)
	Q2 19	Q2 18	Q2 19	Q2 18	Q2 19	Q2 18	Q2 19	Q2 18
	3.0	2.7	(0.0)	0.1	(0.3)	(0.2)	0.5	0.5
	GM's all-new trucks, cross transformat savings drov 10.7% EBIT-adj.	sovers and ional cost e a strong	Lower earning \$400-million China income f Q2 2018, partia better perform	decline in rom a record Ily offset by	Completed n round and plans to lau Francisco (see 2016, Cruise h	announced nch in San below). Since	Revenue of \$3.6 second quarter Continued port contributed to E	was a record. tfolio growth

We had a solid second quarter, and expect the second half of the year to be stronger than the first half. Our confidence in our full-year outlook is based on our strong full-size truck rollout, other key launches and ongoing cost savings."

Q2 SALES HIGHLIGHTS

GM delivered 747,000 vehicles in the U.S., led by crossover sales which set a Q2 record with a 17-percent increase year-over-year. The Chevrolet Equinox and Traverse set Q2 records; every Buick crossover was up year-over-year; the GMC Acadia posted its best first half ever; and the all-new Cadillac XT4 continued to lead its segment. U.S. retail market share is estimated to be flat compared to a year ago, with trucks and crossovers offsetting lower passenger car sales.

of China.

GM China sold 754,000 vehicles in the second quarter, about 100,000 fewer than the previous year's quarter, due to an overall market decline, segment shifts and lower demand for outgoing models. For details on GM's global sales, <u>click here</u>.



The Cadillac XT5 remains Cadillac's best-selling vehicle globally.

CHINA INDUSTRY EXPECTED TO REMAIN WEAK

Due to China's economic slowdown, China industry unit sales are expected to remain weak through the second half of the year, with industry deliveries projected to be down for the full year.

GM China expects to benefit from about 20 new vehicle launches, the majority of which will go on sale later in the year. Nearly two thirds of the launches in the second half are SUVs. However, GM expects equity income in the second half of the year to be generally in line with the first half, due to ongoing headwinds.

– Dhivya Suryadevara, CFO

CRUISE UPDATE

its staff from 40 to 1,500.

After a new equity raise in May of \$1.15 billion which raised its valuation to \$19 billion, in July Cruise <u>announced actions</u> to advance its plans toward launch in San Francisco. To deploy at large scale, Cruise will significantly increase its testing and validation miles over the balance of 2019; increase community engagement through advertising and live events; and continue work on the development of a purposebuilt autonomous vehicle – the effort of hundreds of talented Cruise, GM and Honda engineers. This vehicle will completely re-imagine the customer experience from the ground up.

U.S. INVESTMENTS IN PLANTS AND PEOPLE

In June, GM announced investments at its Fort Wayne, Flint and Arlington plants to support production expansion for its full-size truck and SUV facilities, bringing investment totals to more than \$4.2 billion to prepare for its next-generation truck launches. GM's new trucks are also driving investments at plants in Moraine, Ohio to expand diesel engine output and in Toledo, Ohio to expand 10speed transmission production. These investments support more than 15,000 hourly jobs at these plants.

To date, 1,700 of 2,800 hourly employees impacted by transformation actions have been placed in new jobs. Positions are available for all impacted hourly workers at plants supporting growth segments.

SUPER CRUISE EXPANDS HIGHWAY NETWORK

In June, Cadillac <u>announced</u> the expansion of Super Cruise to an additional 70,000 miles of compatible highways in the U.S. and Canada. By year end, it will be available on more than 200,000 total miles of compatible highways. More than 3 million miles have been driven by customers using Super Cruise since its introduction.

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GENERAL MOTORS

General Motors (NYSE:GM) is committed to delivering safer, better and more sustainable ways for people to get around. General Motors, its subsidiaries and its joint venture entities sell vehicles under the <u>Cadillac</u>, <u>Chevrolet</u>, <u>Baojun</u>, <u>Buick</u>, <u>GMC</u>, <u>Holden</u>, Jiefang and <u>Wuling</u> brands. More information on the company and its subsidiaries, including <u>OnStar</u>, a global leader in vehicle safety and security services, <u>Maven</u>, its personal mobility brand, and <u>Cruise</u>, its autonomous vehicle business, can be found at <u>gm.com</u>.

Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements: This press release may include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Statements including words such as "anticipate," "appears," "approximately," "believe," "continue," "could," "designed," "effect," "estimate," "evaluate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "initiative," "intend," "may," "objective," "outlook," "plan," "potential," "priorities," "project," "pursue," "seek," "should," "target," "when," "will," "would," or the negative of any of those words or similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements represent our current judgment about possible future events. In making these statements we rely upon assumptions and analysis based on our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors we consider appropriate under the circumstances. These statements are not guarantees of future performance; they involve risks and uncertainties and actual events or results may differ materially from these statements. Factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to, a variety of economic, competitive and regulatory factors, many of which are beyond our control and are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, as well as additional factors we may describe from time to time in other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. We undertake no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or other factors that affect the subject of these statements, except where we are expressly required to do so by law.

Basis of Presentation: The financial and operational information included in this press release relate to our continuing operations and not our discontinued operations, which consist of the Opel and Vauxhall businesses and certain other assets in Europe and the European financing subsidiaries and branches that were sold in 2017.

Unless otherwise indicated, General Motors Company's (GM) non-GAAP measures are related to our continuing operations and not our discontinued operations. GM's non-GAAP measures include: earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)-adjusted, presented net of noncontrolling interests; earnings before income taxes (EBT)-adjusted for our General Motors Financial Company, Inc. (GM Financial) segment; earnings per share (EPS)-diluted-adjusted; effective tax rate-adjusted (ETR-adjusted); return on invested capital-adjusted (ROIC-adjusted) and adjusted automotive free cash flow. GM's calculation of these non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies due to potential differences between companies in the method of calculation. As a result, the use of these non-GAAP measures has limitations and should not be considered superior to, in isolation from, or as a substitute for, related U.S. GAAP measures.

These non-GAAP measures allow management and investors to view operating trends, perform analytical comparisons and benchmark performance between periods and among geographic regions to understand operating performance without regard to items we do not consider a component of our core operating performance. Furthermore, these non-GAAP measures allow investors the opportunity to measure and monitor our performance against our externally communicated targets and evaluate the investment decisions being made by management to improve ROIC-adjusted. Management uses these measures in its financial, investment and operational decision-making processes, for internal reporting and as part of its forecasting and budgeting processes. Further, our Board of Directors uses certain of these and other measures as key metrics to determine management performance under our performance-based compensation plans. For these reasons we believe these non-GAAP measures are useful for our investors.

EBIT-adjusted EBIT-adjusted is presented net of noncontrolling interests and is used by management and can be used by investors to review our consolidated operating results because it excludes automotive interest income, automotive interest expense and income taxes as well as certain additional adjustments that are not considered part of our core operations. Examples of adjustments to EBIT include but are not limited to impairment charges on long-lived assets and other exit costs resulting from strategic shifts in our operations or discrete market and business conditions; costs arising from the ignition switch recall and related legal matters; and certain currency devaluations associated with hyperinflationary economies. For EBIT-adjusted and our other non-GAAP measures, once we have made an adjustment in the current period for an item, we will also adjust the related non-GAAP measure in any future periods in which there is an impact from the item. Our corresponding measure for our GM Financial segment is EBT-adjusted.

EPS-diluted-adjusted EPS-diluted-adjusted is used by management and can be used by investors to review our consolidated diluted EPS results on a consistent basis. EPS-diluted-adjusted is calculated as net income attributable to common stockholdersdiluted less income (loss) from discontinued operations on an after-tax basis, adjustments noted above for EBIT-adjusted and certain income tax adjustments divided by weighted-average common shares outstanding-diluted. Examples of income tax adjustments include the establishment or reversal of significant deferred tax asset valuation allowances.

ETR-adjusted ETR-adjusted is used by management and can be used by investors to review the consolidated effective tax rate for our core operations on a consistent basis. ETR-adjusted is calculated as Income tax expense less the income tax related to the adjustments noted above for EBIT-adjusted and the income tax adjustments noted above for EPS-diluted-adjusted divided by Income before income taxes less adjustments.

ROIC-adjusted ROIC-adjusted is used by management and can be used by investors to review our investment and capital allocation decisions. We define ROIC-adjusted as EBIT-adjusted for the trailing four quarters divided by ROIC-adjusted average net assets, which is considered to be the average equity balances adjusted for average automotive debt and interest liabilities, exclusive of capital leases; average net pension and other postretirement benefits (OPEB) liabilities; and average automotive net income tax assets during the same period. Adjustments to the average equity balances exclude assets and liabilities classified as either assets held for sale or liabilities held for sale.

Adjusted automotive free cash flow Adjusted automotive free cash flow is used by management and can be used by investors to review the liquidity of our automotive operations and to measure and monitor our performance against our capital allocation program and evaluate our automotive liquidity against the substantial cash requirements of our automotive operations. We measure adjusted automotive free cash flow as automotive operating cash flow from continuing operations less capital expenditures adjusted for management actions. Management actions can include voluntary events such as discretionary contributions to employee benefit plans or nonrecurring specific events such as a closure of a facility that are considered special for EBIT-adjusted purposes.

The following table reconciles segment profit (loss) to Net income attributable to stockholders under U.S. GAAP (dollars in millions):

		Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Mont	hs Ended
	June	30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Operating segments					
GM North America (GMNA)	\$	3,022	\$ 2,670	\$ 4,918	\$ 4,903
GM International (GMI)		(48)	143	(17)	332
GM Cruise		(279)	(154)	(448)	(320)
GM Financial(a)	_	536	536	895	979
Total operating segments		3,231	3,195	5,348	5,894
Corporate and eliminations(b)	_	(219)	(3)	(26)	(92)
EBIT-adjusted		3,012	3,192	5,322	5,802
Adjustments					
Transformation activities(c)		(361)	—	(1,151)	—
GM Brazil indirect tax recoveries(d)		380	—	1,237	—
GMI restructuring(e)			(196)		(1,138)
Total adjustments		19	(196)	86	(1,138)
Automotive interest income		106	72	204	136
Automotive interest expense		(195)	(159)	(376)	(309)
Income tax expense		(524)	(519)	(661)	(985)
Income from continuing operations(f)		2,418	2,390	4,575	3,506
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax(g)					70
Net income attributable to stockholders	\$	2,418	\$ 2,390	\$ 4,575	\$ 3,436

(a) GM Financial amounts represent earnings before income taxes-adjusted.

(b) GM's automotive operations' interest income and interest expense, Maven, legacy costs from the Opel and Vauxhall businesses and certain other assets in Europe (the Opel/Vauxhall Business), which are primarily pension costs, corporate expenditures and certain nonsegment-specific revenues and expenses are recorded centrally in Corporate.

(c) These adjustments were excluded because of a strategic decision to accelerate our transformation for the future to strengthen our core business, capitalize on the future of personal mobility and drive significant cost efficiencies. The adjustments primarily consist of supplier-related charges and accelerated depreciation in the three months ended June 30, 2019 and accelerated depreciation and supplier-related charges in the six months ended June 30, 2019.

(d) These adjustments were excluded because of the unique events associated with decisions rendered by the Superior Judicial Court of Brazil resulting in retrospective recoveries of indirect taxes.

(e) These adjustments were excluded because of a strategic decision to rationalize our core operations by exiting or significantly reducing our presence in various international markets to focus resources on opportunities expected to deliver higher returns. The adjustments primarily consist of employee separation charges and asset impairments in Korea.

(f) Net of Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests.

(g) Represents the results of the Opel/Vauxhall Business and our European financing subsidiaries and branches (the Fincos, and together with the Opel/Vauxhall Business, the European Business).

The following table reconciles Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders under U.S. GAAP to EBIT-adjusted (dollars in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30, March 31, December 31, September											
	June	e 30,	Marc	h 31,	Decem	ber 31,	Septerr	nber 30,				
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2018	2017	2018	2017				
Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders	\$ 2,418	\$ 2,390	\$ 2,157	\$ 1,046	\$ 2,044	\$(5,151)	\$ 2,534	\$(2,981)				
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	_	_	_	70	_	277	—	3,096				
Income tax expense (benefit)	524	519	137	466	(611)	7,896	100	2,316				
Automotive interest expense	195	159	181	150	185	145	161	151				
Automotive interest income	(106)	(72)	(98)	(64)	(117)	(82)	(82)	(59)				
Adjustments												
Transformation activities(a)	361		790		1,327	_	_					
GM Brazil indirect tax recoveries(b)	(380)		(857)		_	_	—	_				
GMI restructuring(c)	_	196		942		_	_					
Ignition switch recall and related legal matters(d)	_		_		_	_	440	_				
Total adjustments	(19)	196	(67)	942	1,327		440					
EBIT-adjusted	\$ 3,012	\$ 3,192	\$ 2,310	\$ 2,610	\$ 2,828	\$ 3,085	\$ 3,153	\$ 2,523				

(a) These adjustments were excluded because of a strategic decision to accelerate our transformation for the future to strengthen our core business, capitalize on the future of personal mobility and drive significant cost efficiencies. The adjustments primarily consist of supplier-related charges and accelerated depreciation in the three months ended June 30, 2019, accelerated depreciation in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and employee separation charges and accelerated depreciation in the three months ended depreciation in the three months ended March 31, 2019.

(b) These adjustments were excluded because of the unique events associated with decisions rendered by the Superior Judicial Court of Brazil resulting in retrospective recoveries of indirect taxes.

(c) These adjustments were excluded because of a strategic decision to rationalize our core operations by exiting or significantly reducing our presence in various international markets to focus resources on opportunities expected to deliver higher returns. The adjustments primarily consist of employee separation charges and asset impairments in Korea.

(d) This adjustment was excluded because of the unique events associated with the ignition switch recall, which included various investigations, inquiries and complaints from constituents.

The following table reconciles diluted earnings per common share under U.S. GAAP to EPS-diluted-adjusted (dollars in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three Mon	ths Ended		Six Months Ended									
June 3	0, 2019	June 3	0, 2018	June 3	0, 2019	June 3	0, 2018						
Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share						
\$ 2,381	\$ 1.66	\$ 2,375	\$ 1.66	\$ 4,500	\$ 3.13	\$ 3,407	\$ 2.38						
_		_	_	_		70	0.05						
(19)	(0.01)	196	0.14	(86)	(0.06)	1,138	0.80						
(9)	(0.01)	20	0.01	(41)	(0.03)	20	0.01						
\$ 2,353	\$ 1.64	\$ 2,591	\$ 1.81	\$ 4,373	\$ 3.04	\$ 4,635	\$ 3.24						
	Amount \$ 2,381 	June 30, 2019 Amount Per Share \$ 2,381 \$ 1.66	Amount Per Share Amount \$ 2,381 \$ 1.66 \$ 2,375	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 Amount Per Share Amount Per Share \$ 2,381 \$ 1.66 \$ 2,375 \$ 1.66 - - - - (19) (0.01) 196 0.14 (9) (0.01) 20 0.01	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 June 3 Amount Per Share Amount Per Share Amount Per Share Amount State Amount Per Share Amount State Amount State Amount State Amount State Amount State Amount Amount State Amount Amount State Amount Amount State <	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019 Amount Per Share Amount Per Share Amount Per Share \$ 2,381 \$ 1.66 \$ 2,375 \$ 1.66 \$ 4,500 \$ 3.13 - - - - - - (19) (0.01) 196 0.14 (86) (0.06) (9) (0.01) 20 0.01 (41) (0.03)	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019 June 3 Amount Per Share Amount S 3,407 - - - - - - 70 70 (19) (0.01) 196 0.14 (86) (0.06) 1,138 (9) (0.01) 20 0.01 (41) (0.03) 20						

(a) Refer to the reconciliation of segment profit (loss) to Net income attributable to stockholders under U.S. GAAP for adjustment details.

(b) The tax effect of each adjustment is determined based on the tax laws and valuation allowance status of the jurisdiction to which the adjustment relates.

				Three Mon	ths Ended							Six Month	ns Ended			
	Ju	une	30, 201	9	J	une	30, 201	8	Ju	ine	30, 201	9	J	une	30, 201	8
	Income before income taxes		come tax pense	Effective tax rate	Income before income taxes		come tax pense	Effective tax rate	Income before income taxes		come tax pense	Effective tax rate	Income before income taxes		come tax pense	Effective tax rate
Effective tax rate	\$ 2,927	\$	524	17.9%	\$ 2,885	\$	519	18.0%	\$ 5,209	\$	661	12.7%	\$ 4,461	\$	985	22.1%
Adjustments(a)	(16)		9		237		(20)		(83)		41		1,179		(20)	
ETR-adjusted	\$ 2,911	\$	533	18.3%	\$ 3,122	\$	499	16.0%	\$ 5,126	\$	702	13.7%	\$ 5,640	\$	965	17.1%

The following table reconciles our effective tax rate under U.S. GAAP to ETR-adjusted (dollars in millions):

(a) Refer to the reconciliation of segment profit (loss) to Net income attributable to stockholders under U.S. GAAP for adjustment details. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests included for these adjustments is insignificant in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and \$41 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. The tax effect of each adjustment is determined based on the tax laws and valuation allowance status of the jurisdiction to which the adjustment relates.

We define return on equity (ROE) as Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders for the trailing four quarters divided by average equity for the same period. Management uses average equity to provide comparable amounts in the calculation of ROE. The following table summarizes the calculation of ROE (dollars in billions):

		Four Quar	ters En	ded
	June	30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018
Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders	\$	9.2	\$	(4.7)
Average equity(a)	\$	41.1	\$	37.2
ROE		22.3%		(12.6)%

(a) Includes equity of noncontrolling interests where the corresponding earnings (loss) are included in Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders.

The following table summarizes the calculation of ROIC-adjusted (dollars in billions):

		Four Qua	ters End	ed
	Jun	e 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018
EBIT-adjusted(a)	\$	11.3	\$	11.4
Average equity(b)	\$	41.1	\$	37.2
Add: Average automotive debt and interest liabilities (excluding finance leases)		14.9		13.5
Add: Average automotive net pension & OPEB liability		16.9		19.9
Less: Average automotive and other net income tax asset		(23.1)		(24.5)
ROIC-adjusted average net assets	\$	49.8	\$	46.1
ROIC-adjusted		22.7%		24.7%

(a) Refer to the reconciliation of Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders under U.S. GAAP to EBIT-adjusted.

(b) Includes equity of noncontrolling interests where the corresponding earnings (loss) are included in EBIT-adjusted.

The following table reconciles Net automotive cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations under U.S. GAAP to adjusted automotive free cash flow (dollars in millions):

		Three Mon	ths End	Six Months Ended						
	Jun	ie 30, 2019	Jun	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		ne 30, 2018		
Net automotive cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,813	\$	3,986	\$	1,606	\$	2,923		
Less: Capital expenditures		(1,435)		(2,065)		(3,428)		(4,305)		
Add: Transformation activities		172		_		487		_		
Add: GMI restructuring		_		676		9		676		
Less: GM Brazil indirect tax recoveries		(16)		_		(16)		_		
Adjusted automotive free cash flow	\$	2,534	\$	2,597	\$	(1,342)	\$	(706)		

The following tables summarize key financial information by segment (dollars in millions):

	GMNA	GMI	Cor	porate	Elii	minations	Αι	Total Itomotive	GM ruise	Fi	GM nancial	classifications Eliminations	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2019													
Net sales and revenue	\$ 28,324	\$ 4,047	\$	54			\$	32,425	\$ 25	\$	3,639	\$ (29)	\$ 36,060
Expenditures for property	\$ 1,268	\$ 166	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1,435	\$ 19	\$	8	\$ —	\$ 1,462
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 1,409	\$ 119	\$	13	\$	_	\$	1,541	\$ 7	\$	1,848	\$ _	\$ 3,396
Impairment charges	\$ 8	\$ 3	\$	—	\$	_	\$	11	\$ —	\$	_	\$ —	\$ 11
Equity income(a)	\$ 2	\$ 233	\$	(6)	\$	—	\$	229	\$ —	\$	42	\$ —	\$ 271

	(GMNA	GMI	Cor	porate	Elir	ninations	Αι	Total tomotive	GM uise	Fi	GM nancial	I	Eliminations	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2018															
Net sales and revenue	\$	28,501	\$ 4,758	\$	50			\$	33,309	\$ —	\$	3,488	\$	(37)	\$ 36,760
Expenditures for property	\$	1,835	\$ 229	\$	2	\$	(1)	\$	2,065	\$ —	\$	14	\$	—	\$ 2,079
Depreciation and amortization	\$	1,114	\$ 137	\$	13	\$	—	\$	1,264	\$ 2	\$	1,833	\$	—	\$ 3,099
Impairment charges	\$	28	\$ 2	\$	—	\$	—	\$	30	\$ —	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 30
Equity income(a)	\$	3	\$ 589	\$	—	\$	—	\$	592	\$ —	\$	45	\$	—	\$ 637

	GMNA		GMI	Co	rporate	Elir	minations	Αι	Total Itomotive	GM 'uise	Fi	GM nancial		classifications Eliminations	Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019		_				_					_		_		
Net sales and revenue	\$ 55,689	\$	7,897	\$	100			\$	63,686	\$ 50	\$	7,259	\$	(57)	\$ 70,938
Expenditures for property	\$ 2,969	\$	458	\$	1	\$	_	\$	3,428	\$ 23	\$	25	\$	—	\$ 3,476
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 3,478	\$	246	\$	25	\$	—	\$	3,749	\$ 9	\$	3,747	\$	—	\$ 7,505
Impairment charges	\$ 15	\$	3	\$	-	\$	_	\$	18	\$ —	\$	_	\$	—	\$ 18
Equity income(a)	\$ 4	\$	607	\$	(13)	\$	_	\$	598	\$ —	\$	87	\$	_	\$ 685

	GMNA	GMI	Co	rporate	Elimir	nations	Αι	Total Itomotive	GM 'uise	Fi	GM nancial	E	Eliminations	Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018														
Net sales and revenue	\$ 56,319	\$ 9,60	06 \$	99			\$	66,024	\$ —	\$	6,899	\$	(64)	\$ 72,859
Expenditures for property	\$ 3,899	\$ 39	91 \$	16	\$	(1)	\$	4,305	\$ 12	\$	34	\$	—	\$ 4,351
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 2,223	\$ 29	90 \$	24	\$	—	\$	2,537	\$ 3	\$	3,656	\$	_	\$ 6,196
Impairment charges	\$ 53	\$ 40	61 \$	—	\$	_	\$	514	\$ —	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 514
Equity income(a)	\$5	\$ 1,18	33 \$	_	\$	_	\$	1,188	\$ —	\$	97	\$	_	\$ 1,285

(a) Includes Automotive China equity income of \$235 million and \$592 million in the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 and \$611 million and \$1.2 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Vehicle Sales

GM presents both wholesale and total vehicle sales data to assist in the analysis of our revenue and our market share. Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Sudan and Syria are subject to broad economic sanctions. Accordingly these countries are excluded from industry sales data and the corresponding calculation of GM's market share.

Wholesale vehicle sales data consists of sales to GM's dealers and distributors as well as sales to the U.S. Government and excludes vehicles sold by our joint ventures. Wholesale vehicle sales data correlates to GM's revenue recognized from the sale of vehicles, which is the largest component of Automotive net sales and revenue. In the six months ended June 30, 2019, 34.1% of our wholesale vehicle sales volume was generated outside the U.S. The following table summarizes wholesale vehicle sales by automotive segment (vehicles in thousands):

	Three Mont	ths Ended	Six Month	is Ended		
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
GMNA	870	923	1,729	1,816		
GMI	259	281	495	547		
Total	1,129	1,204	2,224	2,363		

Total vehicle sales data represents: (1) retail sales (i.e., sales to consumers who purchase new vehicles from dealers or distributors); (2) fleet sales, such as sales to large and small businesses, governments, and daily rental car companies; and (3) vehicles used by dealers in their businesses, including courtesy transportation vehicles. Total vehicle sales data includes all sales by joint ventures on a total vehicle basis, not based on our percentage ownership interest in the joint venture. Certain joint venture agreements in China allow for the contractual right to report vehicle sales of non-GM trademarked vehicles by those joint ventures, which are included in the total vehicle sales we report for China. While total vehicle sales data does not correlate directly to the revenue GM recognizes during a particular period, we believe it is indicative of the underlying demand for GM vehicles. Total vehicle sales data represents management's good faith estimate based on sales reported by GM's dealers, distributors, and joint ventures, commercially available data sources such as registration and insurance data, and internal estimates and forecasts when other data is not available.

The following table summarizes total vehicle sales by geographic region (vehicles in thousands):

	Three Mont	ths Ended	Six Months Ended			
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
United States						
Chevrolet – Cars	90	126	190	247		
Chevrolet – Trucks	248	261	446	484		
Chevrolet – Crossovers	161	141	316	288		
Cadillac	40	39	76	76		
Buick	55	53	107	110		
GMC	153	138	277	269		
Total United States	747	758	1,412	1,474		
Canada, Mexico and Other	129	154	239	265		
Total North America	876	912	1,651	1,739		
Asia/Pacific, Middle East and Africa						
Chevrolet	225	230	445	447		
Wuling	251	252	517	541		
Buick	198	230	423	502		
Baojun	136	199	305	443		
Cadillac	68	51	114	108		
Other	22	27	43	51		
Total Asia/Pacific, Middle East and Africa	900	989	1,847	2,092		
South America(a)	163	164	318	331		
Total in GM markets	1,939	2,065	3,816	4,162		
Total Europe	1	1	2	2		
Total Worldwide	1,940	2,066	3,818	4,164		

(a) Primarily Chevrolet.

The vehicle sales at GM's China joint ventures presented in the following table are included in the preceding vehicle sales table (vehicles in thousands):

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Month	is Ended
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
SAIC General Motors Sales Co., Ltd.	372	411	754	868
SAIC GM Wuling Automobile Co., Ltd. and FAW-GM Light Duty Commercial Vehicle Co., Ltd.	382	447	814	976

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Month	s Ended
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Market Share				
United States – Cars	8.1%	10.3%	8.8%	10.6%
United States – Trucks(a)	30.1%	33.6%	29.2%	32.8%
United States – Crossovers(a)	13.7%	11.7%	14.1%	12.9%
Total United States	16.3%	16.5%	16.3%	16.7%
Total North America	15.8%	16.1%	15.7%	16.2%
Total Asia/Pacific, Middle East and Africa	7.8%	8.4%	7.9%	8.7%
Total South America	15.1%	14.5%	15.3%	15.0%
Total GM Market	10.7%	11.1%	10.6%	11.3%
Total Worldwide	8.3%	8.6%	8.3%	8.8%
United States fleet sales as a percentage of retail vehicle sales	23.1%	22.1%	24.0%	22.5%
North America capacity two shift utilization	98.1%	102.8%	96.8%	100.9%

(a) Certain industry vehicles have been reclassified between these vehicle segments. GM vehicles were not impacted by this change. The prior period has been recast to reflect the changes.

Combining Income Statement Information (In millions) (Unaudited)

				Three I	Non	ths Ende	d Ju	ne 30, 2019			Three Months Ended June 30, 2018									
	Au	tomotive		GM ruise	Fir	GM nancial		classifications Eliminations	Co	mbined	Au	tomotive		GM ruise		GM ancial	Elim	inations	c	ombined
Net sales and revenue	_										_									
Automotive	\$	32,425	\$	25	\$	_	\$	(25)	\$	32,425	\$	33,309	\$	—	\$	—	\$	(34) \$	33,275
GM Financial		_	_	_		3,639		(4)		3,635					:	3,488		(3)	3,485
Total net sales and revenue		32,425		25		3,639		(29)		36,060		33,309				3,488		(37)	36,760
Costs and expenses																				
Automotive and other cost of sales		28,036		292				(1)		28,327		29,948		157		_		(34)	30,071
GM Financial interest, operating and other expenses		_		_		3,145		(1)		3,144		_		_	:	2,997		(1)	2,996
Automotive and other selling, general and administrative expense		2,055		47		_		_		2,102		2,219		(3)		_			_	2,216
Total costs and expenses		30,091		339		3,145		(2)		33,573		32,167		154		2,997		(35)	35,283
Operating income (loss)		2,334		(314)		494		(27)		2,487		1,142		(154)		491		(2)	1,477
Automotive interest expense		195		—		—				195		161		1		—		(3)	159
Interest income and other non-operating income, net		320		21				23		364		931		_		_		(1)	930
Equity income		229	_	_		42				271		592				45		_		637
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	2,688	\$	(293)	\$	536	\$	(4)		2,927	\$	2,504	\$	(155)	\$	536	\$	_	_	2,885
Income tax expense										524									_	519
Income from continuing operations										2,403										2,366
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax																				
Net income										2,403										2,366
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests										15										24
Net income attributable to stockholders									\$	2,418									\$	2,390
Net income attributable to common stockholders									\$	2,381									\$	2,375

		Six M	lonths Ended	June 30, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2018								
	Automotive	GM Cruise	GM Financial	Reclassifications /Eliminations	Combined	Automotive	GM Cruise	GM Financial	Eliminations	Combined			
Net sales and revenue													
Automotive	\$ 63,686	\$ 50	\$ —	\$ (50)	\$ 63,686	\$ 66,024	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (58)	\$ 65,966			
GM Financial			7,259	(7)	7,252			6,899	(6)	6,893			
Total net sales and revenue	63,686	50	7,259	(57)	70,938	66,024		6,899	(64)	72,859			
Costs and expenses													
Automotive and other cost of sales	56,071	487	—	(2)	56,556	60,009	305	—	(59)	60,255			
GM Financial interest, operating and other expenses	_	_	6,451	(1)	6,450	_	_	6,017	(7)	6,010			
Automotive and other selling, general and administrative expense	4,135	66			4,201	4,573	15			4,588			
Total costs and expenses	60,206	553	6,451	(3)	67,207	64,582	320	6,017	(66)	70,853			
Operating income (loss)	3,480	(503)	808	(54)	3,731	1,442	(320)	882	2	2,006			
Automotive interest expense	379	—		(3)	376	313	1	—	(5)	309			
Interest income and other non-operating income, net	1,088	45	_	36	1,169	1,480	_	_	(1)	1,479			
Equity income	598		87		685	1,188		97		1,285			
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 4,787	\$ (458)	\$ 895	\$ (15)	5,209	\$ 3,797	\$ (321)	\$ 979	\$6	4,461			
Income tax expense					661					985			
Income from continuing operations					4,548					3,476			
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax										70			
Net income					4,548					3,406			
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests					27					30			
Net income attributable to stockholders					\$ 4,575					\$ 3,436			
Net income attributable to common stockholders					\$ 4,500					\$ 3,407			

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share

(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended				
	Jun	ie 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	June 30, 2019		J	une 30, 2018		
Basic earnings per share										
Income from continuing operations(a)	\$	2,418	\$	2,390	\$	4,575	\$	3,506		
Less: cumulative dividends on subsidiary preferred stock		(37)		(15)		(75)		(29)		
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders		2,381		2,375		4,500		3,477		
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		—		_		_		70		
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	2,381	\$	2,375	\$	4,500	\$	3,407		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding		1,420		1,410		1,419		1,409		
Basic earnings per common share – continuing operations	\$	1.68	\$	1.68	\$	3.17	\$	2.47		
Basic loss per common share – discontinued operations	\$	—	\$	_	\$	_	\$	0.05		
Basic earnings per common share	\$	1.68	\$	1.68	\$	3.17	\$	2.42		
Diluted earnings per share										
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders – diluted(a)	\$	2,381	\$	2,375	\$	4,500	\$	3,477		
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax – diluted	\$	_	\$	—	\$	—	\$	70		
Net income attributable to common stockholders - diluted	\$	2,381	\$	2,375	\$	4,500	\$	3,407		
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – diluted		1,438		1,431		1,437		1,430		
Diluted earnings per common share – continuing operations	\$	1.66	\$	1.66	\$	3.13	\$	2.43		
Diluted loss per common share – discontinued operations	\$	_	\$	_	\$	—	\$	0.05		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	1.66	\$	1.66	\$	3.13	\$	2.38		
Potentially dilutive securities(b)		7		4		7		4		

 (a) Net of Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests.
 (b) Potentially dilutive securities attributable to outstanding stock options and Restricted Stock Units were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because the securities would have had an antidilutive effect.

Combining Balance Sheet Information

(In millions, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)(a)

		June 30, 2019 December 31, 2018												
	Automotive	GM Cruise	GM Financial	Reclassifications /Eliminations	Combined	Automotive	GM Cruise	GM Financial	Reclassifications /Eliminations	Combined				
ASSETS	Automotive	Ciuise			Combined	Automotive				Combined				
Current Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,390	\$ 2,088	\$ 3,594	\$ —	\$ 17,072	\$ 13,670	\$ 2,291	\$ 4,883	\$ —	\$ 20,844				
Marketable securities(b)	6,147	982	_	(80)	7,049	5,966	92	_	(92)	5,966				
Accounts and notes receivable, net(c)	10,068	11	1,077	(794)	10,362	5,916	1	1,430	(798)	6,549				
GM Financial receivables, net(d)	_	_	28,473	(548)	27,925	_	_	27,367	(517)	26,850				
Inventories	11,447	_	_	_	11,447	9,816	_		_	9,816				
Other current assets(e)	3,036	15	4,406	(7)	7,451	1,619	27	3,640	(18)	5,268				
Total current assets	42,089	3,096	37,549	(1,430)	81,306	36,987	2,411	37,320	(1,425)	75,293				
Non-current Assets														
GM Financial receivables, net(d)	_	_	26,315	(51)	26,264	_	_	25,145	(62)	25,083				
Equity in net assets of nonconsolidated affiliates	6,894	_	1,446	_	8,340	7,860	_	1,355	_	9,215				
Property, net	37,826	123	239	—	38,188	38,464	43	251	_	38,758				
Goodwill and intangible assets, net	3,429	670	1,358	_	5,457	3,552	671	1,356	_	5,579				
Equipment on operating leases, net	_	—	42,938	_	42,938	_	_	43,559	—	43,559				
Deferred income taxes	23,857	199	(69)	_	23,987	23,935	70	77	_	24,082				
Other assets	6,252	123	933	(52)	7,257	4,880	_	890	_	5,770				
Total non-current assets	78,258	1,116	73,161	(103)	152,431	78,691	784	72,633	(62)	152,046				
Total Assets	\$120,347	\$ 4,212	\$110,711	\$ (1,533)	\$233,737	\$115,678	\$ 3,195	\$109,953	\$ (1,487)	\$227,339				
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY														
Current Liabilities														
Accounts payable (principally trade)(c)	\$ 22,834	\$ 41	\$ 656	\$ (815)	\$ 22,717	\$ 22,359	\$ 28	\$ 707	\$ (797)	\$ 22,297				
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt														
Automotive(d)	3,038	—	—	(548)	2,490	1,452	—	-	(517)	935				
GM Financial	—	—	30,659	_	30,659	—	—	30,956	—	30,956				
Accrued liabilities	24,430	87	3,918	(7)	28,428	24,042	41	3,985	(19)	28,049				
Total current liabilities	50,301	129	35,233	(1,369)	84,294	47,853	69	35,648	(1,333)	82,237				
Non-current Liabilities														
Long-term debt														
Automotive(d)	13,009	—	_	(51)	12,957	13,090	_	_	(62)	13,028				
GM Financial	—	—	60,455	—	60,455	—	—	60,032	_	60,032				
Postretirement benefits other than pensions	5,357	_	_	_	5,357	5,370	_	_	_	5,370				
Pensions	10,788	—	3	—	10,791	11,535	_	3	—	11,538				
Other liabilities	10,471	204	2,171	(52)	12,794	10,167	35	2,155	_	12,357				
Total non-current liabilities	39,624	204	62,630	(103)	102,354	40,162	35	62,190	(62)	102,325				
Total Liabilities	89,925	333	97,862	(1,473)	186,648	88,015	104	97,838	(1,395)	184,562				
Commitments and contingencies														
Equity														
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	14	—	_	_	14	14	—	—	_	14				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value	—	—	_	—	_	_	_	_	—	_				
Additional paid-in capital(b)(f)	25,791	36	1,373	(1,435)	25,765	25,606	4	1,373	(1,420)	25,563				
Retained earnings(b)	11,455	1,900	12,484	(32)	25,807	9,103	1,480	11,783	(44)	22,322				
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(7,762)		(1,009)		(8,770)	(7,998)		(1,041)		(9,039)				
Total stockholders' equity	29,497	1,936	12,848	(1,467)	42,816	26,725	1,484	12,115	(1,464)	38,860				
Noncontrolling interests(f)	925	1,942		1,406	4,273	938	1,607		1,372	3,917				
Total Equity	30,422	3,878	12,848	(60)	47,089	27,663	3,091	12,115	(92)	42,777				
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$120,347	\$ 4,212	\$110,711	\$ (1,533)	\$233,737	\$115,678	\$ 3,195	\$109,953	\$ (1,487)	\$227,339				

(a) (b) (c) Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Eliminations primarily includes GM Cruise investment in GM common stock at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. Eliminations primarily includes GM Cruise investment in GM common stock at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. Automotive accounts payable at December 31, 2018.

(d) Eliminations include GM Financial loan receivable of \$599 million and \$579 million offset by an Automotive loan payable at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Includes the reclassification of the current portion of Equipment on operating leases, net. The prior period has been recast to reflect the changes. Primarily reclassification of GM Financial Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series A and B. The preferred stock is classified as noncontrolling interests in our condensed consolidated balance (e) (f) sheet.

Combining Cash Flow Information

(In millions) (Unaudited)(a)

		Six M	onths Ended J	une 30, 2019		Six Months Ended June 30, 2018					
	Automotive	GM Cruise	GM Financial	Reclassification/ Eliminations	Combined	Automotive	GM Cruise	GM Financial	Reclassification/ Eliminations	Combined	
Cash flows from operating activities											
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 4,209	\$ (329)	\$ 683	\$ (15)	\$ 4,548	\$ 2,973	\$ (296)	\$ 793	\$ 6	\$ 3,476	
Depreciation and impairment of Equipment on operating leases, net	38	_	3,710	_	3,748	102	_	3,621	_	3,723	
Depreciation, amortization and impairment charges on Property, net	3,729	9	37	_	3,775	2,949	3	35	_	2,987	
Foreign currency remeasurement and transaction (gains) losses	(174)	_	(4)	_	(178)	91	_	15	—	106	
Undistributed earnings of nonconsolidated affiliates, net	343	_	(87)	_	256	807	_	(97)	_	710	
Pension contributions and OPEB payments	(570)	_	—	_	(570)	(932)	—	_	_	(932)	
Pension and OPEB income, net	(306)	—	—	—	(306)	(627)	—	—	—	(627)	
Provision (benefit) for deferred taxes	30	(129)	178	—	79	470	(26)	142	_	586	
Change in other operating assets and liabilities(b)(c)	(5,693)	83	(224)	(522)	(6,357)	(2,910)	44	(944)	(666)	(4,476)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,606	(367)	4,293	(538)	4,995	2,923	(275)	3,565	(660)	5,553	
Cash flows from investing activities											
Expenditures for property	(3,428)	(23)	(25)	—	(3,476)	(4,305)	(12)	(34)	_	(4,351)	
Available-for-sale marketable securities, acquisitions	(1,314)	(899)	_	_	(2,213)	(1,571)	—	_	_	(1,571)	
Available-for-sale marketable securities, liquidations	1,244	26	_	(26)	1,244	2,886	—	_	_	2,886	
Purchases of finance receivables, net(b)(c)	_	_	(14,670)	914	(13,757)	_	_	(11,635)	857	(10,778)	
Principal collections and recoveries on finance receivables(c)	_	_	12,096	(388)	11,708	_	_	7,593	(173)	7,420	
Purchases of leased vehicles, net	—	—	(8,189)	—	(8,189)	—	—	(9,122)	—	(9,122)	
Proceeds from termination of leased vehicles	—	_	6,444	_	6,444	—	—	5,303	_	5,303	
Other investing activities(d)	(587)		(5)	690	99	(1,367)			1,374	7	
Net cash used in investing activities – continuing operations	(4,083)	(897)	(4,349)	1,190	(8,140)	(4,357)	(12)	(7,895)	2,058	(10,206)	
Net cash provided by investing activities – discontinued operations						166				166	
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,083)	(897)	(4,349)	1,190	(8,140)	(4,191)	(12)	(7,895)	2,058	(10,040)	
Cash flows from financing activities	000		040		000	(54)		005		044	
Net increase (decrease) in short-term debt Proceeds from issuance of debt (original	693 986	_	243 19,525		936 20,511	(51) 2,321	 274	695 20,836	(274)	644 23,157	
maturities greater than three months)(d) Payments on debt (original maturities greater	(222)	_	(20,402)	_	(20,625)	(1,898)		(16,918)	(24)	(18,840)	
than three months) Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock(d)	()	1,101	(_0,:0_)	(687)	414	361	2,000	(10,010)	(1,100)	1,261	
Dividends paid	(1,109)	(31)	(46)	2	(1,184)	(1,074)	2,000	(30)	(1,100)	(1,104)	
Other financing activities(e)	(1,105)	(4)	(78)	33	(1,104)	(362)	(9)	(92)	_	(463)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing	132	1,066	(758)	(652)	(212)	(703)	2,265	4,491	(1,398)	4,655	
activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash	20		(738)	(002)	42	(185)	2,200	(60)	(1,000)	(245)	
equivalents and restricted cash Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(2,325)	(197)	(792)		(3,315)	(2,156)	1,978	101		(77)	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	13,762	2,291	7,443	_	23,496	11,258	23	6,567	_	17,848	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period		\$2,093	\$ 6,651	\$ _	\$20,181	\$ 9,102	\$2,001	\$ 6,668	\$ _	\$17,771	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash – continuing operations at end of period	\$ 11,437	\$2,093	\$ 6,651	\$ _	\$20,181	\$ 9,102	\$2,001	\$ 6,668	\$ _	\$17,771	

(a) (b)

Amounts may not sum due to rounding. Includes reclassifications of \$432 million and \$541 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 for purchases/collections of wholesale finance receivables resulting from vehicles sold

Includes reclassifications of \$432 million and \$341 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2016 for purchases/collections of wholesale finance receivables resulting from vehicles sold by GM to dealers that have arranged their inventory floor plan financing through GM Financial. Eliminations include \$482 million and \$216 million in Purchases of finance receivables, net in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 and \$388 million and \$173 million in Principal collections and recoveries on finance receivables in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 for Automotive cash injections in GM Cruise, inclusive of investments of \$687 million and \$1.1 Eliminations include \$690 million and \$1.4 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 for Automotive cash injections in GM Cruise, inclusive of investments of \$687 million and \$1.1 (C) (d)

billion in GM Cruise Preferred Shares in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Includes the reclassification of Payments to purchase common stock. The prior period has been recast to reflect the changes. (e)